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You can't lose an atom without feeling it. The body is like an engine, a watch, a machine; must be kept in good order to run right. That's the reason Scott's Emulsion is so successful in all wasting diseases. It feeds, nourishes and strengthens when ordinary food won't. Doctors say Scott's Emulsion is the best nourishment for those who are not as well as they should be—young or old.

We'll send you a sample free upon request.  
SCOTT & BOWNE, 405 Pearl Street, New York.

## NEW YORK LETTER

New York, April 18.—Much interest is manifested in William J. Bryan's approaching east, especially by Brooklynites before whom he will deliver a "lecture." It is said that on this occasion Mr. Bryan will be used as a mouthpiece for the opponents of the Hill-McLaughlin program. Public announcement of the event has not yet been made for the reason that certain formalities must first be observed. It is known, however, that there has already been private communication between Mr. Bryan and "anti" leaders in Brooklyn and Edward M. Shepard or Justice Gaynor will be presiding officer at the meeting.

The dinner of the Canton society next Friday evening will be a very grand affair. Associate Justice Day of the supreme court will be the guest of honor and Senator Hanna, Foraker and other Ohioans are expected to attend, besides other influential politicians. This is the second big reception given in New York within a week with more than usual political significance attached to it, the "Amen Corner" spread at the Fifth Avenue hotel last night having been the first.

The liquor men in New York and Brooklyn are planning and have put in execution already all sorts of retaliatory measures because of the excise tax law. A reduction of three ounces of beer has been made by many saloon keepers and whiskey too may be measured out so there will be no chance for four fingered drinks. Despite rumors to the contrary, however, the free lunch will hardly be abolished. The patrons of the saloons now regard the free lunch as inherent rights and if the institution should be abolished, it is said that their resentment might even cause a boycott of the places that refuse to serve lunch.

New York received with much gratification the promise of President W. H. Baldwin of the Long Island Railroad, that when the Pennsylvania tunnel is in operation, Philadelphia will be a suburb of New York. The annexation of Philadelphia may be a conceit tinged with much romance, but the suggestion is nevertheless received with great favor here, particularly by theatrical managers, who can already see in their mind's eye their houses filled in no inconsiderable part by patrons from the City of Brotherly Love.

A visitor to the navy yard in Brooklyn will be convinced of the success of Uncle Sam's plan to have the band play while the men are cooling a warship, is wonderful. While lively two-step and marches are filling the air the blue-jackets work like beavers to fill the bunkers and one of the officers in the navy yard suggested a day or two ago to a committee of business men that they could do worse than adopting the same idea to keep up their employees' enthusiasm, if the music were furnished by nothing more than one of the little German street bands.

A striking feature of the business situation in New York is the unanimity with which employers are lining up to resist demands for future wage increase. They are taking the stand everywhere that the wage scale is now as high as conditions can stand and that further advance will inevitably check consumption and construction and mark the beginning of a long period of depression in the industries and wealth of the country, gradations to be from bad to worse. If the workmen can bring themselves to see that this is the golden time to let well enough alone they will be doing themselves and their country a loyal service.

The coaching trips which have become an established feature of spring in the Smart Set are doing much for the smaller towns through which the parties pass and a quaint old-fashioned English tone is creeping over the various inns at which the stops are made. As a sport coaching is to be commended, for it certainly is picturesque and its "old-timeiness" is one of its chief charms.

The same people that operated the moving sidewalks at the Chicago and Paris Expositions are seeking the right to place moving platforms on the Brooklyn and East River bridges. They claim that these platforms have long since passed the experimental stage, having a record of 2,700,000 persons safely carried at the 1893 world's fair and 9,000,000 at the Paris Exposition,

without a single serious accident. The Rapid Transit Commission, however, is not enthusiastic over the idea and it is doubtful if the franchise will be granted.

It is surprising the variety and number of articles that are felt on the elevated and surface cars by travellers in New York. These things accumulate so rapidly that each year the various companies auction off the collection of articles that are never claimed. The Brooklyn Rapid Transit will in a few days hold its annual sale at which sealskins, saques, silk waistcoats, brie-a-brac and other expensive items will be disposed of. Last year the company turned over to the Employees' Benefit Association \$1900 derived from the sale of lost articles.

Over 65,000 immigrants arrived at this port during the month of March, an increase of 7,700 over the same month last year. This month opened with the arrival of nearly 10,000 aliens, making it almost record breaking day. Holy Thursday came next with nearly 9,000 arrivals.

One of the most unique churches in the country is the Archangel Episcopal church which has just been opened for services. It is an apartment house, like everything else around it and when completed, its street front will rise to the height of the apartment houses on each side of it. In front will be the rectory reading rooms and a guild hall, which is provided with a stage. The church fills the rear yard and has a seating capacity of 1,000.

Lovers of turf sports are enthusiastic over the prospect of an unusually exciting season this year. Many new owners are scheduled to enter their horses to that the prospect of a big circulation of money by figures hitherto unfamiliar to metropolitan race-goers is almost assured.

## OFFICIAL MATTERS.

**Land Office Business.**  
The following final homestead entry was made Thursday, Juan Antonio Alarcon, Perea postoffice, 80 acres in Sandoval county.

**National Guard Appointments.**  
Governor Otero has appointed the following officers of company A, First regiment of Infantry, stationed at Las Cruces. John D. May, captain, vice Oscar Lohman, resigned; W. F. Jacoby, first lieutenant, vice W. Cheatham Strode, resigned; Thomas Rouault, second lieutenant, vice Henry Ryerson, resigned.

**TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.**  
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on the box; 25c.

## WILL NOW PUNISH PRISONER.

**Physician Charged with Aiding in Murder of 'Holder of Life Insurance Policy Will Be Turned Over to Mexico.**

In issuing a warrant for the surrender to the Mexican government of Dr. Charles S. Harle, now held under arrest in El Paso, Texas, on a charge of being an accessory to a murder committed in Chihuahua, the state department took steps to secure the punishment of a peculiarly atrocious crime, which has engaged the attention of the two governments and one of the big New York life insurance companies for many months.

The papers filed at the state department allege that the Mexican agent of the company, T. C. Richardson, a man named Meredith and Dr. Harle conspired to murder a man in order to collect the insurance on his life, the policy for which had been issued by Richardson. The policy was made payable to Meredith.

The victim was slowly poisoned to death and the doctor who attended him certified that he died from natural causes. The doctor's defense is that he did not himself administer the drug.

Richardson and Meredith, also arrested in Texas, were discharged by the court on the ground of insufficient evidence, but the Mexican government was sworn out new charges and the men will be rearrested and held for extradition.

## Santa Fe Cleaning Up.

There is an ordinance against throwing rubbish into the streets, violation of which is punishable with a fine of not less than \$5 nor more than \$50. Alderman J. D. Sena, who has been appointed to supervise the putting of the streets in order for the visit of President Roosevelt to this city May 5, states that the law relating to throwing rubbish in the streets will be enforced in the future.—New Mexican.

Street Commissioner Tierney says he intends to have Albuquerque's streets and alleys pretty thoroughly cleaned by the time President Roosevelt arrives in the city. He has the cart and a force of street cleaners out today, and hopes to keep up the good work every day for the next two weeks. Tin cans and other nuisances, which now ornament some of the alleys, will soon be removed to the dumping ground along the river bottoms.

## Rock-a-Bye Baby

These are sweet words, but how much pain and suffering they used to mean. It's different now. Since Mother's Friend has become known expectant mothers have been spared much of the anguish of childbirth. Mother's Friend is a liniment to be applied externally. It is rubbed thoroughly into the muscles of the abdomen. It gives elasticity and strength, and when the final great strain comes they respond quickly and easily without pain. Mother's Friend is never taken internally. Internal remedies at this time do more harm than good. If a



woman is supplied with this splendid liniment she need never fear rising or swelling breasts, morning sickness, or any of the discomforts which usually accompany pregnancy.

The proprietor of a large hotel in Tampa, Fla., writes: "My wife had an awful time with her first child. During her second pregnancy, Mother's Friend was used and the baby was born easily before the doctor arrived. It's certainly great."

Get Mother's Friend at the drug store, \$1 per bottle.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Write for our free illustrated book, "Before Baby is Born."

## STATEHOOD QUESTION.

Opinions of Two Influential Arizona Newspapers.

The Hon. B. S. Rodey, delegate to congress from New Mexico, has just returned to his home at Albuquerque, and expresses the opinion that Arizona and New Mexico will be made one state, by republican party action early in the next session of congress. Mr. Rodey says that no amount of opposition on the part of Arizona can prevent this, and he intimates that New Mexico will welcome the relation.

Assuming that Mr. Rodey, who is a republican, is speaking by the authority of his party leaders in congress, what are the people of Arizona going to do about it?

In time of peace, prepare for war, is an adage both ancient and wise. Unless the people of this territory are willing that Arizona should become a vassal province of New Mexico no time is to be lost in preparing to fight the proposal. It should not be lost sight of that in the next congress the people of Arizona will not have Mark Smith at the helm. Colonel Wilson may prove to be all that could be desired, but he has not had as much experience as Mr. Smith, is not so widely acquainted, and it is to be doubted if he can exert the same commanding influence on the democratic leaders in both houses of congress. Mr. Smith prevented the amalgamation of Arizona and New Mexico during the last session of congress. For this he is entitled to the eternal gratitude of the people of Arizona. In the next congress the question will again be alive and unless the people of Arizona present a solid, determined fighting front, Arizona will be obliterated from the map of the United States.

This is the most serious public problem now confronting the people of Arizona. We believe that not 3 per cent of the people of this territory are willing to join New Mexico in statehood. Government from Washington is not ideal, but government from Santa Fe would be intolerable. Both houses of the Arizona legislature by unanimous vote passed a memorial to congress protesting against joint statehood. This is the official vote of Arizona. The people should prepare to back it up—to give it force and effect.

A committee of public safety should now be organized. This should be made up of men of all parties. The duty of this committee should be to protect the commonwealth. Arizona is worth fighting for as it stands. As a province of New Mexico it would wither and decay. New Mexico would tax Arizona to death, destroy its industries, abolish its institutions, imperil its civilization. Arizona wishes New Mexico well as a neighbor and friend. But the highest effort of Arizona statesmanship should be exerted to prevent political amalgamation with New Mexico.—Tucson Citizen.

In some respects this article is an injustice to New Mexico, as her indebtedness is less than half that of Arizona, and her tax rate is much lower. Then New Mexico could not "tax Arizona to death" without taxing herself accordingly. New Mexico has made a most remarkable growth during the past five years. More miles of railroad have been built in New Mexico during the past two years than any other state or territory in the union save one—Texas. New towns, and good ones, too, are springing into existence all over New Mexico. Old conditions are fast passing away in New Mexico, and a new era of great and lasting prosperity has come. New Mexico is beyond Arizona as an agricultural, horticultural and stock raising country. Arizona, by a combination with southern New Mexico, would hold the balance of political power in the state, which would mean the removal of the capital to Albuquerque, a more central location.

But aside from these questions, the bill would provide that Arizona should become a state when its population

shall have reached 200,000, which at its present ratio of increase would in all probability be not longer than five or six years. While the Era would much prefer to see Arizona admitted singly, yet it believes that the only show for admission is in conjunction with New Mexico, and even under those circumstances it will welcome statehood.—Clifton Era.

## GENERAL STOREKEEPER RICE.

Marked Improvement Noticed Since He Took Hold.

Since N. M. Rice, formerly of Albuquerque, the new general storekeeper, took charge here the storehouse has been the scene of many improvements, says the Topeka State Journal. Nearly every day a number of men can be seen at work with brooms, others with paint brushes, and still others are occupied with the sorting out of old material and arranging it in a more orderly and convenient manner. Mr. Rice is the kind of a man who likes to have a system about the way of doing things, of having a place for everything and everything in its place. With this end in view he has gone to work with a will and already a great improvement has been made at the storehouse.

All the old shelving has been torn out, and carpenters have been put to work making a new and different kind of shelving. The only thing that is hindering Mr. Rice's plans is the fact that the ceiling and windows of the storehouse are not high enough and consequently the kind of shelving that he really wishes to have can not be built. But being that the storehouse was not built for the shelving, the shelving will have to be built for the storehouse. The most important and noticeable improvement will come after the shelving has been put in and everything has received its new coat of paint.

The manner in which things are now arranged at the storehouse is such that although each article is marked, it is very hard to find among the great mass of other material and consequently it requires more time to fill orders than is really necessary. Mr. Rice plans to have all this changed. As soon as the shelves are ready the material which is now being sorted out will be neatly arranged on the shelves and a system of numbering will be used that will enable the men to find almost immediately any article that is needed. An index will be kept in the office and this will be used until the men get accustomed to the new system. It is said that the new system of handling material will later be worked down to so fine a point that in making regulations the article wanted will be indicated by the number of the shelf on which it is kept instead of writing out the full name, as is now done.

## BASE BALL NOTES.

Billy Lauder, of the Giants, is pleasing the rooters by his timely batting. Rather early yet to "burrah."

Jimmy Callahan is still playing third base for the White Stockings and may be continued at that corner.

Wiley Platt, the Comiskey cast off is said to be burning grooves in the air this spring. Wiley can pitch when in form.

It is reported that Comiskey has bought out his partner's interest in the Chicago club, making him the sole owner.

Base ball critics seem to think the new giant, Babb, will prove a "find." It is about time the Giants found something.

Manager Griffith is instructing his men to place their hits. This is one of the principal features of the team's daily practice.

Fred Pfeffer, the old Chicago second baseman, will hold the indicator this season in the Interstate league around the Windy city.

Manager McAleer believes that Friel is the best utility player in the business and will retain him on the payroll of the Browns.

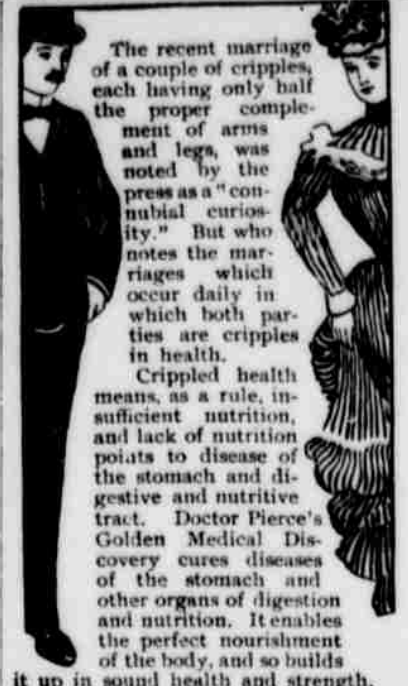
The Chicago Nationals have had offers for Evans from Los Angeles and Colorado Springs, but the management will not part with him.

Otto Kruger, of the Pirates, is demonstrating that he can play either second, third or short. That's the kind of a utility infielder to have.

When Cincinnati has completed the coming season that club will have traveled over 11,000 miles, according to Frank Bancroft's figuring.

Reports say that Tommy Leach is going faster than ever this year. The little third baseman put in the winter playing indoor baseball, and, consequently, is in prime condition.

The six men signed by Manager Barrow are all six footers. If height counts for anything the Detroit club should have a look at the pennant.



"I had been a great sufferer from indigestion for the last nine years," writes Mrs. Margaret Single, of Owings Mills, Baltimore Co., Md. "I was such a wreck it seemed death was near, but today can say I feel like another woman. I have received much and lasting good from Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Favorite Prescription. I have taken twenty-five bottles in all, and followed the advice of Dr. R. V. Pierce, and am happy to say that life is worth living now. A thousand thanks for your treatment."

Do not be cajoled into trading a substance for a shadow. Any substitute offered as "just as good" as "Golden Medical Discovery" is a shadow of that medicine. There are cures behind every claim made for the "Discovery."

The Common Sense Medical Adviser, 1008 large pages, in paper covers, is sent free on receipt of twenty-one one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

great an infielder as little Tommy Leach.

Pitcher Frank Sparks says his arm is feeling better than it has felt for three years. In 1900 he caught cold in his shoulder and has never been able to get his arm right until this spring.

Kid Carsey, the former Washington pitcher, is picking up a little easy money as manager and pitcher for the Metropolitan base ball club, which plays Sunday games around New York and New Jersey.

Jesse Burkett is under weight, but in excellent condition. Burkett is looking for premier batsman laurels. What a race there will be with Delehanty, Lajoie, Keeler, Burkett and Hickman among the candidates for the top position.

It was announced at Bloomington, Ill., that \$800 had been offered to the management of the Three Eye league by Charles Comiskey for the purchase of Charles McCafferty, one of the pitchers, who made such a favorable impression when the Chicago White Stockings were at that city recently. McCafferty struck out Isbell and Daly in succession with two men on bases, and the ability of the local twirler greatly impressed Manager Callahan. McCafferty is a young player, this being his second season as a professional. It is believed that the offer will be accepted.

## PLAIN WORDS.

**National League Players Warned Against Rowdiness.**

President Harry C. Pulliam, of the National league, has issued his instructions for the season to managers, captains, players and umpires. He pays particular attention to what is called "rowdiness" on the ball field. On this subject he says to the players in part:

"At the outset I wish to state that it is not my intention to rob the game of any of its enthusiasm or interest. Instead of that I wish to increase the enthusiasm of the players and the interest of the spectators at the expense of the so called 'rowdiness'."

"On the ball field of the National league this will not prevail during the season of 1903. Nine-tenths of the ball players in our league are gentlemen earning their livelihood in a legitimate manner and anything that tends to better the sport I know will have their hearty approval."

"The umpire is the sole judge of the play. His decision cannot be questioned and any player that does so will do it at his own peril. For misconduct of any character the umpire is empowered to order the manager, captain or player from the playing field and in some instances he will have the power to inflict a fine."

"When a manager, captain or player is ordered from the game he must instantly leave the playing field and he cannot appear again on the ball field during the progress of the game from which he was expelled."

"The umpires are directed, in all cases where the offender in his estimation deserves further discipline than the mere expulsion from the game, to notify this office by telegraph and to give details of said misconduct by letter. When such report is made such action as is deemed proper in each particular case will be taken."

"When a manager, captain or player is under suspension by the president he will not be permitted to enjoy any of the privileges of the playing field during the progress of the game and he will not be allowed to sit on the bench, either in uniform or in citizen dress, or to occupy any position on the ball field. If he attends the game he must attend as a spectator."

"It is the desire of the president to accord the players every consideration and to co-operate with them in anything that will tend to better the condition of professional base ball and thus enhance the value of their services. I would like the co-operation of every one to bring about a satisfactory state of affairs, alike to the public, press,

owners and players, for we must have clean base ball, worthy the respect of everyone, if we hope to continue the game of base ball as the 'national sport.'"

"Managers, captains and players are especially warned against attacking the umpire in any manner after the completion of the game or by any action, overt or secret, trying to influence the spectators against the umpire and cause him bodily harm. Any action of this kind will be severely dealt with, because it is cowardly in the extreme."

The umpires are instructed at all times to maintain the dignity of their positions and treat managers and players with proper respect, but not to indulge in any familiarity or temporize in the least.

In the circular President Pulliam also lays down the following instructions on such playing rules as are deemed susceptible of more than one interpretation:

Rule 9 (Pitcher's Position).—"The pitcher in taking his position shall place no part of either foot back of the rubber, nor shall he take more than one step in delivering the ball to the batsman." This construction does away with all preliminary steps, either to the rear or to the side of the rubber.

Rule 23, Section 8. (Balking).—"Construct as meaning that both feet of the catcher must be inside of the catcher's lines."

Rule 40 (Bunting).—"A foul tip must go sharp from the bat. If the ball rises from bat to the catcher, as in the case of the attempted bunting of a low or slow ball, it will be ruled as a foul fly."

Rule 40, Section 5 (Batsman is Out).—"The batsman will be declared out at once if he makes any motion or attempt at interference with the throwing of the catcher of the ball by the catcher."

Rule 47, Section 4 (Becomes a Base Runner).—"The batsman must make a palpable attempt to avoid being hit. In no case will he be allowed to become a runner as the result of being hit by a slowly delivered ball, the umpire to be judge of the speed of said ball."

Rule 51, Section 6 (Base Runners are Out).—"Attention of players is called to this rule requiring runners to keep within the three-foot lines in going to first unless to avoid a fielder attempting to field a batted ball."

Rule 53 (Coaching).—"This rule is construed literally and will be enforced literally, with the exception of the imposition of the \$5 fine, in which case the printed rules are in error."

Rule 57 (Field Rules).—"Will be enforced literally."

**You Know What You Are Taking.**  
When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic, because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure; no pay; 50c.

## Base Ball at Socorro.

The base ball fever is beginning to manifest itself again in Socorro. There was a close and exciting game in town the other day between a local team and a visiting team from San Antonio. The result was a score of 15 to 14 in favor of Socorro. The score does not indicate professional playing, by any means, but the teams are pretty evenly matched and with practice would play a game that would make the hearts of the bleachers leap for joy.—Socorro Chieftain.

## DEMING VS. CLIFTON.

**The Base Ball Teams of the Two Towns Get Together.**

As was stated in last Saturday's Deming Headlight the Yellow Kids, of Deming, took themselves to the mountain town of Clifton, Arizona, there to play ball.

They left here at 9 a. m., and arriving at Hachita were invited to an elegant dinner that had been prepared by Mesdames Mastick and Lawhon, who are now living at that point. They arrived in Clifton about 7 p. m. and were at once taken in charge by the Clifton team, who, from the time our boys struck town till the hour of their departure the following Monday, showed them every attention and lent every effort to the end that the Deming boys should have a good time and be well cared for. Saturday night they were invited to attend a ball gotten up in their honor, and one and all says it was an event of a life time. Sunday, while they were not engaged in playing ball they were shown through the immense smelters at Clifton that have become world renowned. They were shown around the town and invited everywhere; in fact nothing was left undone that could possibly add to their comfort or entertainment while in Clifton, and, naturally, the boys are loud in their praises of Clifton and her people.

They played two games of ball on Sunday which resulted as follows: In the morning the Kids won by a score of 18 to 9, and in the afternoon the Clifton team walked off with the fruit by 18 to 16.

## Successful Concerts.

Robert T. Blair, of the school of music concert company, touring the Santa Fe coast lines giving concerts at Y. M. C. A. railroad reading rooms, writes from Seligman, Arizona, that the company had given performances at both Williams and Seligman with flattering success. At both places they were greeted by large appreciative audiences. After Seligman they were billed for Needles and Barstow. Mr. Blair states in his letter that after finishing their tour of cities the company will fill an engagement at Coronado beach.

The New Mexican says: Miss Grace Kennedy, who has been suffering from an attack of la grippe the past two

# Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

**Digests what you eat**  
This preparation contains all of the digestants and digesta all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspepsias have been cured after everything else failed. Is unequalled for the stomach. Children with weak stomachs thrive on it. First dose relieves. A diet unnecessary.

**Cures all stomach troubles**  
Prepared only by E. O. DeWitt & Co., Chicago  
J. H. O'Reilly & Co. and B. H. Briggs & Co.

weeks, was able to be out today. Miss Kennedy went to Albuquerque this afternoon where she will take the civil service examination on Wednesday, the 23d.

## COMPETITION IN CEMENT.

**Two Plants on Railway Line Through Alamogordo.**

The Milner cement and plaster manufactory was delayed in starting on account of water not being supplied earlier, says the Alamogordo News.

A quantity of pure granulated gypsum has been hauled from the "White Sands" at a cost of \$3 per ton.

The capacity of the Milner plant is twenty tons daily. The gypsum is treated in a simple manner. A fifteen-horse power engine operates three oscillating iron pans suspended over a furnace, roasting for forty minutes granulated gypsum that descends from a hopper, and when reduced to powder by the heat the cement drops into bags.

Cement houses are likely to come into general use here, one business block and one residence, made of the Ancho variety, having been ordered constructed.

The Ancho factory markets its product in El Paso, Alamogordo and as far east as Kansas, and at the end of its first year of operation is doubling the capacity of the plant. The cement is mixed with sand and gravel to make walls and walks. The Angeles hotel block in El Paso was made in this manner, with Portland cement, in blocks.

## LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

Fred Huning returned to his ranch near Los Lunas, Sunday night, after visiting here over Sunday with his mother, residing on North Second street.

Miss Clara Erwin, of Hell canyon, is in the city visiting and shopping. She will return here Wednesday.

Mrs. Toney Ortiz, Mrs. Grace Hale and daughter, Miss Grace, have returned from a visit with friends in Kansas.

W. Ray Morley, the crack foot ball coach of Columbia university of New York, has been spending several days in Albuquerque.

J. C. Smith, manager for J. C. Baldrige at Socorro and insurance agent, was an Albuquerque visitor yesterday. Mr. Smith is closing out Mr. Baldrige's business at Socorro and his visit here was probably on matters concerning the closing. Mr. Smith will leave in a short time for a visit east, after which he will return to Socorro and continue his insurance business.

Judge F. W. Parker, associate justice of the territorial supreme court, and judge of the third judicial district of New Mexico, passed through the city this morning en route from his chambers at Las Cruces to Santa Fe. He will be present at a session of the territorial irrigation commission which convenes there today.

The McSpadden-Springer Transfer company has purchased all the horses, harness, wagons and other properties belonging to the J. W. Palmer company. The deal was closed yesterday and the McSpadden-Springer people will immediately take charge of their new acquisitions, which consists of eleven wagons and a large number of draft horses.

J. C. Baldrige, the lumber merchant, and A. E. Walker, the fire insurance agent, are now comfortably settled in Mr. Baldrige's new building, which replaced that recently destroyed by fire. Although it is not quite as large as the building burned, it is better and more handsomely arranged and Mr. Baldrige and Mr. Walker both express themselves well pleased with their surroundings.

Chief Deputy United States Marshal George Karaman left last night for San Francisco, Cal., taking with him Sam Lee, a celestial who arrived in Albuquerque about six weeks ago without the proper credentials issued to good Chinamen. Sam, when captured, claimed that he had left his "chock chee" in Los Angeles and the marshal's office gave him an opportunity to produce it by correspondence. He failed to make good and will get a free passage to his home beyond the Pacific.

R. B. Thomas and son, A. C. Thomas, arrived here Saturday morning from Magdalena, accompanied by Mrs. A. C. Thomas' mother, Mrs. Christian, of Columbus, Ohio. The elder Thomas went to Cerrillos yesterday morning, where he is general manager of the Consolidated Mining & Smelting company. A. C. Thomas visited his mother and sisters here until last night, when he returned to Magdalena, where he is manager of the Hardacre copper mine. Mrs. Christian will remain in Albuquerque several days.